

ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION OF ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

I line = 100 watt. A frying pan therefore uses I 500 watts (15 lines). I 000 watt per hour = I kW.h = I unit of electricity.

Hair drier (400-1000 W)	IIIII	600 watt
Hair curlers	1111	400 watt
Hair drier (400-1000 W) Hair curlers Hi-Fi		100 watt
Infrared lamp	III	300 watt
Electric Blanket	I	100 watt
Lights (average 10x75 W)	11111111	800 watt
Radio		100 watt
Vacuum cleaner	111111	600 watt
Iron (600-2 000 W)	1111111111111	I 500 watt
Television (66cm colour)	III	300 watt
(48cm colour)		80 watt
(66cm black and white)	I	70 watt
Floor polisher	IIII	400 watt

KITCHEN:

	2 800 watt
	3 000 watt
	I 500 watt
	I 400 watt
	I 100 watt
11111	600 watt
	2000 watt
III	300 watt
	I 500 watt
III	300 watt
I	100 watt
II	200 watt
	600 watt
11111111	800 watt
11111111	900 watt

HEATERS:

Oil		2 000 watt
Fan		2 000 watt
Ceramic/Capil		I 500 watt
Panel .		I 100 watt

LAUNDRY:

Washing	machine

(I) Not heated	11111111	800 watt
(2) Automatic		
(a) Heated		2000 watt
(b) Wash/dry motor		800 watt
Tumble drier	11111111111111111111111111111	3000 watt
Geyser		3000 watt

GANAGE / WORKSHOI.		
Battery charger	HHH	600 watt
Drill	11111	500 watt
Grinder	III	300 watt
Soldering iron	III	300 watt
Welder (portable		
and single phase)		3 000 watt

On your appliance you will see the number of WATTS that the appliance uses. This number is usually stamped underneath or at the back of your appliance.

An iron for example uses I 500 WATTS.

This is **I,5 KILOWATTS**.

(To change **WATTS** to **KILOWATTS** move the comma three spaces to the left, i.e. 1500 = 1.5 kilowatts)

You then multiply the number of KILOWATTS by the price of one unit of electricity, for example 40 cents. $(1,5 \times 40 \text{ cents} = 60 \text{ cents})$

This is the cost of using an iron for I hour.

REMEMBER TO CHECK WHAT THE PRICE OF A KILOWATT HOUR (UNIT) IS IN YOUR AREA.

